## Where is a function continuous?

In general: What does it mean for a function $f(x)$ to be continuous at $x=a$ ? Explain how to test if a function is continuous at $x=a$.

## Specifically:

1. For which values of $x$ is the function $f(x)=x^{2}+3 x+4$ continuous? Justify your answer with limits if necessary and draw a graph of the function to illustrate your answer.
2. For which values of $x$ is the function $f(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{ll}\frac{x^{2}-x-6}{x-3}, & \text { if } x \neq 3, \\ 5, & \text { if } x=3,\end{array}\right.$ continuous? Justify your answer with limits if necessary and draw a graph of the function to illustrate your answer.
3. For which values of $x$ is the function $f(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{ll}\frac{\sin 3 x}{x}, & \text { if } x \neq 0, \\ 1, & \text { if } x=0,\end{array}\right.$ continuous? Justify your answer with limits if necessary and draw a graph of the function to illustrate your answer.
4. For which values of $x$ is the function $f(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{ll}\frac{1-\cos x}{x^{2}}, & \text { if } x \neq 0, \\ 1, & \text { if } x=0,\end{array}\right.$ continuous? Justify your answer with limits if necessary and draw a graph of the function to illustrate your answer.
5. Determine the value of $k$ for which the function $f(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{ll}\frac{\sin 2 x}{5 x}, & \text { if } x \neq 0, \\ k, & \text { if } x=0,\end{array}\right.$ is continuous at $x=0$. Justify your answer with limits if necessary and draw a graph of the function to illustrate your answer.
6. For which values of $x$ is the function $f(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{ll}x-1, & \text { if } 1 \leq x<2, \\ 2 x-3, & \text { if } 2 \leq x \leq 3,\end{array}\right.$ continuous? Justify your answer with limits if necessary and draw a graph of the function to illustrate your answer.
7. For which values of $x$ is the function $f(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{ll}\cos x, & \text { if } x \geq 0, \\ -\cos x, & \text { if } x<0,\end{array}\right.$ continuous? Justify your answer with limits if necessary and draw a graph of the function to illustrate your answer.
8. For which values of $x$ is the function $f(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{ll}\sin (1 / x), & \text { if } x \neq 0, \\ 0, & \text { if } x=0,\end{array}\right.$ continuous? Justify your answer with limits if necessary and draw a graph of the function to illustrate your answer.
9. Find the value of $a$ for which the function $f(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{ll}a x+5, & \text { if } x \leq 2, \\ x-1, & \text { if } x>2,\end{array}\right.$ is continuous at $x=2$. Justify your answer with limits if necessary and draw a graph of the function to illustrate your answer.
10. For which values of $x$ is the function $f(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{ll}1+x^{2}, & \text { if } 0 \leq x \leq 1, \\ 2-x, & \text { if } x>1,\end{array}\right.$ continuous? Justify your answer with limits if necessary and draw a graph of the function to illustrate your answer.
11. For which values of $x$ is the function $f(x)=2 x-|x|$ continuous? Justify your answer with limits if necessary and draw a graph of the function to illustrate your answer.
12. Find the value of $a$ for which the function $f(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{ll}2 x-1, & \text { if } x<2, \\ a, & \text { if } x=2, \\ x+1, & \text { if } x>2,\end{array}\right.$ is continuous at $x=2$. Justify your answer with limits if necessary and draw a graph of the function to illustrate your answer.
13. For which values of $x$ is the function $f(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{ll}\frac{|x-a|}{x-a}, & \text { if } x \neq a, \\ 1, & \text { if } x=a,\end{array}\right.$ continuous? Justify your answer with limits if necessary and draw a graph of the function to illustrate your answer.
14. For which values of $x$ is the function $f(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{ll}\frac{x-|x|}{2}, & \text { if } x \neq 0, \\ 2, & \text { if } x=0,\end{array}\right.$ continuous? Justify your answer with limits if necessary and draw a graph of the function to illustrate your answer.
15. For which values of $x$ is the function $f(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{ll}\sin x, & \text { if } x<0, \\ x, & \text { if } x \geq 0,\end{array}\right.$ continuous? Justify your answer with limits if necessary and draw a graph of the function to illustrate your answer.
16. For which values of $x$ is the function $f(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{ll}\frac{x^{n}-1}{x-1}, & \text { if } x \neq 1, \\ n, & \text { if } x=1,\end{array}\right.$ continuous? Justify your answer with limits if necessary and draw a graph of the function to illustrate your answer.
17. Explain how you know that $f(x)=\sec x$ is continuous for all values of $x$. Justify your answer with limits if necessary and draw a graph of the function to illustrate your answer.
18. For which values of $x$ is the function $f(x)=\cos |x|$ continuous? Justify your answer with limits if necessary and draw a graph of the function to illustrate your answer.
19. For which values of $x$ is the function $f(x)=\lfloor x\rfloor$ continuous? Justify your answer with limits if necessary and draw a graph of the function to illustrate your answer.
20. For which values of $x$ is the function $f(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{ll}x^{3}-x^{2}+2 x-2, & \text { if } x \neq 1, \\ 4, & \text { if } x=1,\end{array}\right.$ continuous? Justify your answer with limits if necessary and draw a graph of the function to illustrate your answer.
21. For which values of $x$ is the function $f(x)=|x|+|x-1|,-1 \leq x \leq 2$, continuous? Justify your answer with limits if necessary and draw a graph of the function to illustrate your answer.

## Answers

1. all $x$
2. all $x$
3. $x \neq 0$
4. $x \neq 0$
5. $k=2 / 4$
6. $1 \leq x \leq 3$
7. $x \neq 0$
8. $x \neq 0$
9. $a=-2$
$10 . x \geq 0, x \neq 1$
10. all $x$
11. $a=3$
12. $x \neq a$
13. $x \neq 0$
14. all $x$
15. all $x$
16. 
17. all $x$
18. $x$ not and integer
19. $x \neq 1$
20. $-1 \leq x \leq 2$
