

Day 29

Learning Goals

- Cylinder-free path adjunction and homotopies
- Def'n of fundamental groupoid Π_1 and group π_1 .

Write $Y^X := \text{Top}(X, Y)$ exponential when X, Y are spaces such that $\text{Top}(X, Y)$ admits a (unique!) exponential topology. Recall that this is the case for X loc cpt Hausdorff.

Let $I = [0, 1]$ with std topology (subspace of \mathbb{R}).

There is an adjunction

$$I \times - : \text{Top} \rightleftarrows \text{Top} : (-)^I$$

since I is compact H'ff.

Recall that a homy b/w $f, g: X \rightarrow Y$ is

$$H: I \times X \rightarrow Y \quad \text{s.t.} \quad H(0, -) = f, \quad H(1, -) = g.$$

This corresponds to $\hat{H}: X \rightarrow Y^I$ where

$\hat{H}(x)$ is a path $f(x) \rightsquigarrow g(x)$.

paths in Y

Alternatively, the compact-open top is splitting, so we have an inj'n

$$\text{Top}(X \times I, Y) \hookrightarrow \text{Top}(I, \text{Top}(X, Y)_{\text{co}})$$

$$H \longmapsto \text{a path from } f \text{ to } g$$

If X is loc cpt then this is a bij'n.

Recall that spaces X, Y are homotopy equivalent

when $\exists f: X \rightarrow Y, g: Y \rightarrow X$ with $fg \simeq \text{id}_Y, gf \simeq \text{id}_X$.

Alternatively, $X \simeq Y$ iff $X \cong Y$ in hTop (where $\text{hTop}(X, Y) := \text{Top}(X, Y) / \simeq$).

Thm The map $\pi: X^I \rightarrow X$ and $i: X \rightarrow X^I$
 $\gamma \mapsto \gamma(1)$ $x \mapsto \text{const}_x$
 are homotopy inverses.

Pf $i\pi: X^I \rightarrow X^I$ Define $H: X^I \times I \rightarrow X^I$
 $\gamma \mapsto \text{const}_{\gamma(1)}$ $(\gamma, t) \mapsto \begin{pmatrix} I & s \\ \downarrow \gamma_t & \downarrow \\ X & \gamma(st) - \gamma(1) \end{pmatrix}$

Then $H(\gamma, 0) = \gamma$ and $H(\gamma, 1) = \text{const}_{\gamma(1)}$ so

$H: \text{id}_{X^I} \simeq i\pi$. Furthermore, $\pi i(x) = x$ so $\pi i = \text{id}_X$. \square

Thm The maps $i: X \rightarrow X \times I$ and $p: X \times I \rightarrow X$
 $x \mapsto (x, 1)$ and $(x, t) \mapsto x$
 are htpy inverses.

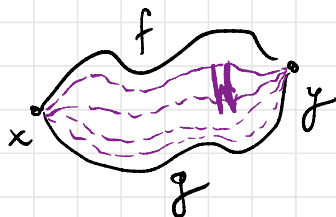
Pf $p \circ i = \text{id}_X$. $i \circ p(x, t) = (x, 1)$. TB Find a htpy
 $i \circ p \simeq \text{id}_{X \times I}$. A $H: (X \times I) \times I \rightarrow X \times I$
 $(x, t, s) \mapsto (x, (1-s)t + s)$

Idea Think about paths in X up to homotopy.

Defn A groupoid is a category in which every morphism is an isomorphism.

Recall Groups correspond to groupoids w/ a single object. Groupoids = "groups with many objects."

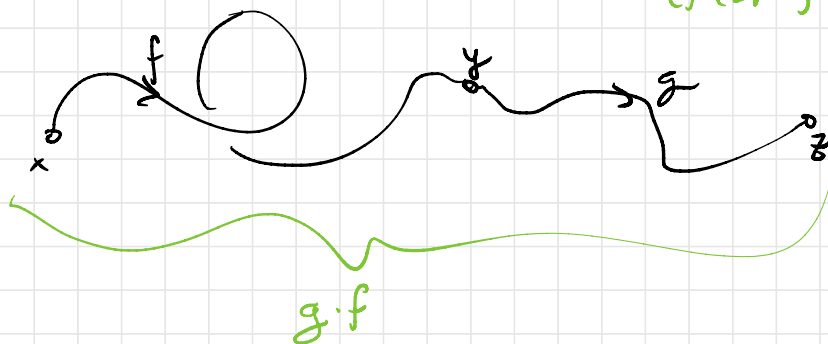
Defn Two paths $f, g: I \rightarrow X$ from x to y are path homotopic when \exists htpy $H: I \times I \rightarrow X$ from f to g s.t. $h(0, t) = x$, $h(1, t) = y \forall t$.



Defn The fundamental groupoid $\Pi_1 X$ of a space X is the category with objects pts of X , morphisms path homy classes of paths $x \mapsto y$, composition

$$[f] \circ [g] = [f \cdot g]$$

concatenation $f \cdot g(t) = \begin{cases} g(2t) & 0 \leq t \leq \frac{1}{2} \\ f(2t-1) & \frac{1}{2} \leq t \leq 1 \end{cases}$



Note You should check that $[\text{const}_x] = \text{id}_x$, comp'n well-defined, associative; inverses by running paths in reverse.

We in fact get a functor

$$\Pi_1 : \text{Top} \longrightarrow \text{Grpd}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X & \longmapsto & \Pi_1 X \quad [\gamma] \\ f \downarrow & \longmapsto & \downarrow \Pi_1 f \quad \downarrow \\ Y & \longmapsto & \Pi_1 Y \quad [f\gamma] \end{array}$$

Note In any cat C , for $x \in \text{ob } C$, $\text{Aut}_C(x) = \{f \in C(x, x) \mid f \text{ iso}\}$ is a group. If C is a groupoid, $\text{Aut}_C(x) = C(x, x)$.

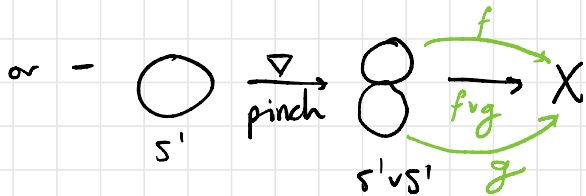
Defn The fundamental group of X based at $x_0 \in X$ is $\pi_1(X, x_0) := \text{Aut}_{\Pi_1 X}(x_0)$.

= path htpy classes of paths $x_0 \rightsquigarrow x_0$

= based htpy classes of maps $(S^1, (1, 0)) \rightarrow (X, x_0)$.

How do we "multiply" two loops in X based at x_0 ?

- Concatenate: do one and then the other



TPS Suppose x_0, x_1 are in the same path component of X . Prove that $\pi_1(X, x_0) \cong \pi_1(X, x_1)$.
What is the categorical version of this?