## MATH 113: DISCRETE STRUCTURES HOMEWORK DUE MONDAY WEEK 7

Problem 1. Use the recurrence relation defining Fibonacci numbers to prove that

$$F_{2n+1} = 3F_{2n-1} - F_{2n-3}$$

for  $n \ge 1$ . (This gives us a way to compute Fibonacci numbers of odd index without computing those with even index!)

Problem 2. Our text uses induction to show that

(1) 
$$F_{2n+1} = F_n^2 + F_{n+1}^2.$$

You are now asked to give a combinatorial proof using tilings of checkerboards. Let  $a_n$  be the number of ways of tiling a  $2 \times n$  checkerboard with  $2 \times 1$  dominoes. In class, we found that  $a_n = F_{n+1}$  (see Problem 18.1 from Day 15 of our Course Log and its solution appearing at the end of the Course Log).

Rewrite equation (1) in terms of appropriate  $a_i$  and prove the resulting (equivalent) formula by counting tilings of a  $2 \times 2n$  checkerboard. (Hint: Our checkboard has two halves, each of size  $2 \times n$ . Consider how dominoes in a tiling behave at the middle where these two halves meet. There are only two possibilities!)