

MATH 113: DISCRETE STRUCTURES
HOMEWORK FOR FRIDAY WEEK 9

Problem 1 (Indicator variables). Given an event $A \subseteq S$ and $s \in S$, let $I_A(s) = 1$ if $s \in A$, and let $I_A(s) = 0$ if $s \notin A$. This defines a random variable I_A called the *indicator variable* of A . Prove that $E(I_A) = P(A)$.

Problem 2 (The number of surviving rabbits). There are n hunters and n rabbits in a field. Each hunter aims their gun at exactly one rabbit, and then all of the hunters fire simultaneously. Alas – every hunter is a perfect shot and any rabbit which was aimed at dies. In this problem, you will determine how many rabbits are expected to survive.

- (a) Translate this problem in the language of functions.
- (b) For $1 \leq i, j \leq n$, what is the probability that the j -th hunter shoots the i -th rabbit?
- (c) For $1 \leq i \leq n$, let A_i be the event that the i -th rabbit survives. What is $P(A_i)$?
- (d) Let X be the total number of surviving rabbits. Use indicator variables to express X as a sum of random variables and determine $E(X)$.
- (e) Use a calculator or computer to approximate $E(X)/n$, the expected fraction of rabbits to survive, when n is very large. *Bonus*: Determine the exact value of $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} E(X)/n$.