## MATH 113: DISCRETE STRUCTURES HOMEWORK DUE MONDAY WEEK 13

*Problem* 1. Prove that if p is prime, a and b are integers, and  $p \mid ab$ , then either  $p \mid a$  or  $p \mid b$  (or both).

*Problem* 2. Let p be a prime and let a be an integer  $1 \le a \le p-1$ . Consider the numbers  $a, 2a, 3a, \ldots, (p-1)a$ . Divide each by p to get remainders  $r_1, r_2, r_3, \ldots, r_{p-1}$ . Prove that every integer from 1 to p-1 occurs exactly once among the remainders. (*Hint*: First prove that no residues can occur twice.)