## MATH 113: DISCRETE STRUCTURES HOMEWORK DUE MONDAY WEEK 4

*Problem* 1. Suppose that  $f: A \to B$  is a surjective function. Define a relation  $\asymp_f$  on A so that  $a \asymp_f b$  if and only if f(a) = f(b).

- (a) Prove that  $\leq_f$  is an equivalence relation.
- (b) Determine the number of equivalence classes under  $\approx_f$ .

*Problem* 2. Suppose that we are playing a game in which we roll three six-sided dice (with sides labeled 1, 2, ..., 6). Declare two rolls equivalent if their sums match. (Formally, a roll can be thought of as an ordered 3-tuple (a, b, c) where  $a, b, c \in \{1, ..., 6\}$ , and our relation is  $(a, b, c) \sim (a', b', c')$  if and only if a + b + c = a' + b' + c'.)

- (a) Prove that this is indeed an equivalence relation.
- (b) Determine the number of equivalence classes.
- (c) Are all of the equivalence classes of the same size?

## Template for proving a relation is an equivalence relation.

**Theorem.** Define a relation  $\sim$  on a set A by blah, blah. Then  $\sim$  is an equivalence relation.

**Proof.** *Reflexivity.* For each  $a \in A$ , we have  $a \sim a$  since blah, blah. Therefore,  $\sim$  is reflexive. *Symmetry.* Suppose that  $a \sim b$ . Then, blah, blah, blah. It follows that  $b \sim a$ . Therefore  $\sim$  is symmetric.

*Transitivity.* Suppose that  $a \sim b$  and  $b \sim c$ . Since blah, blah, it follows that  $a \sim c$ . Therefore,  $\sim$  is transitive.

Since  $\sim$  is reflexive, symmetric, and transitive, it follows that  $\sim$  is an equivalence relation.